

Minimal presentation for fundamental group of complement of hyperplane arrangement.

§. Minimal CW complex

X : a finite CW complex.

Def

X is minimal

$$\stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff} \# \text{ of } p\text{-dim cells} = b_p(X)$$

Rem In general: $\# \text{ of } p\text{-dim cells} \geq b_p(X)$

Thm (Dimca - Papadima, Randell)

$A = \{H_1 \cdots H_n\}$ $H_i \subset \mathbb{C}^l$ affine hyperplane

$M := M(A) := \mathbb{C}^l \setminus \bigcup H_i$, then

M is homotopy equivalent to a minimal CW complex.

Considering the case $l=2$

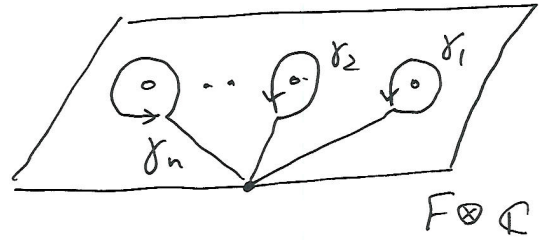
\rightsquigarrow minimal presentation for $\pi_1(M)$

| # of generators = b_1

| # of relations = b_2

$H_1 \cap F \leftrightarrow$ generator

$ch_F(A) \leftrightarrow$ relation



Prop $A = \{H_1, \dots, H_n\}$

$$\# ch_F(A) = b_2(M)$$

(Proof)

Zaslavski

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \# \text{ of chambers} & \leq & b_0 + b_1 + b_2 \\ \parallel & & \parallel \quad \parallel \\ n+1 + \# ch_F(A) & & 1 \quad n \end{array}$$



Thm

For $C \in ch_F(A)$,

$\exists!$ (unique up to homotopy) continuous map

$$\sigma_C: (D^2, \partial D^2) \rightarrow (M, M \cap F)$$

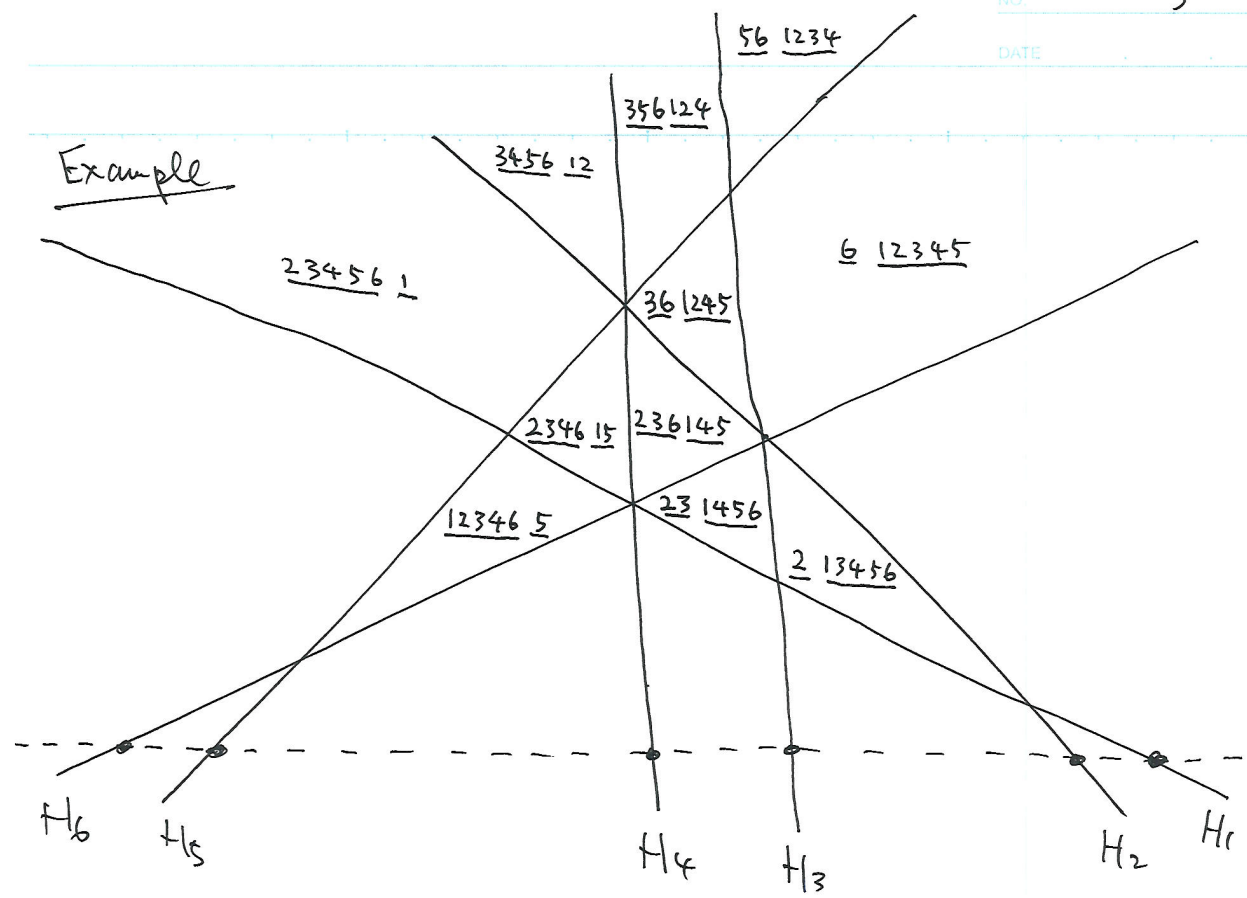
s.t.

(i) $\sigma_C(D^2) \cap C$: transversal

(ii) $\sigma_C(D^2) \cap C = \{pt\}$

(iii) $\sigma_C(D^2) \cap C' = \emptyset$

for $C' \in ch_F(A) \setminus \{C\}$



$$\pi_1(M) \cong \langle \gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_3, \gamma_4, \gamma_5, \gamma_6 \mid$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \gamma_3 \gamma_4 \gamma_5 \gamma_6 &= 213456 = 231456 \\ &= 123465 = 234615 \\ &= 236145 = 361245 \\ &= 356124 = 234561 \\ &= 345612 = 561234 = 612345 \end{aligned}$$